

PRESS RELEASE

Inactivate vaccines faster and more effectively using electron beams

The Fraunhofer Institute for Organic Electronics, Electron Beam and Plasma Technology FEP, one of the leading research and development partners for electron beam applications, is developing processes and equipment based on this technology for use in medicine, pharmacology, and that conserves natural resources and protects the environment.

Scientists at Fraunhofer FEP in conjunction with other partners within the Fraunhofer Gesellschaft have been conducting research for several years on employing electron-beam technology in medical engineering. Low-energy inactivation of pathogens by means of electron beams (LEEI – Low-Energy Electron Irradiation) can also be used for faster manufacture of more effective vaccines. The foundation for this has been under joint development by the Fraunhofer FEP, IZI, IPA, and IGB Institutes since 2014.

Most vaccinations are based on inactivated vaccines, i.e. vaccines containing viruses that are inhibited from further reproduction. The pathogens can then no longer cause disease in patients. Nevertheless, the immune system still detects them and forms the corresponding antibodies to provide effective protection. Usually the pathogens must be kept in a chemical for several days until they are inactivated. Formaldehyde, for example, needs approximately two weeks in order to neutralize hepatitis A viruses. This expenditure of time is costly and a disadvantage for industry. In addition, formaldehyde attacks the viruses' proteins that the immune system forms the antibodies to. Formal-dehyde thus alters the viruses, thereby reducing the actual effectiveness of the vaccine.

The Fraunhofer consortium is very experience in the development of new technologies that use low-energy electron beams. The results of the project have established that the technology is fundamentally viable for a wide range of viruses, such as influenza and Porcine Reproductive and Respiratory Syndrome virus/PRRSV that triggers this syndrome in swine, as well as other types of pathogens like bacteria and parasites. The genetic substance necessary for the viruses to self-replicate is destroyed by the irradiation. However, the surface characteristics of the virus important for the immune system response are retained by LEEI, in contrast to chemical inactivation using toxins like formaldehyde. This allows the body to form antibodies having greater specificity for the pathogen, which provides improved protection. As a result, lower vaccination doses might be able to be employed. Moreover, just a few milliseconds are sufficient to inactivate the viruses or bacteria thanks to this technology, instead of several days or even weeks. An additional advantage of irradiation using low-energy electrons is that it can be carried out in any laboratory.

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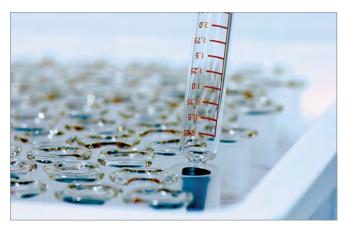
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"A novel, compact, and highly efficient technology has been developed for producing vaccines by utilizing low-energy electron beams that is more effective as well as more economical," explains Dr. Jessy Schönfelder, head of the medical applications group at Fraunhofer FEP, about her expectations of the development work.

Innovative medical products can likewise be sterilized effectively by low-energy electrons. Artificial knee joints with integrated electronics for monitoring deterioration are conceivable for example, or implants like cardiac valves with novel combinations of materials including biological tissue that need to be sterilized before their insertion. The scientists of Fraunhofer FEP look forward to new projects with partners from industry in order to help suitably adapt this pioneering technology to further applications. That could involve the development of a product-specific, transportable mini-sterilizer, or of technologies for sterilization of liquid products.



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The **Fraunhofer Institute for Organic Electronics, Electron Beam and Plasma Technology FEP** works on innovative solutions in the fields of vacuum coating, surface treatment as well as organic semiconductors. The core competences electron beam technology, sputtering and plasma-activated deposition, high-rate PECVD as well as technologies for the organic electronics and IC/system design provide a basis for these activities. Thus, Fraunhofer FEP offers a wide range of possibilities for research, development and pilot production, especially for the processing, sterilization, structuring and refining of surfaces as well as OLED microdisplays, organic and inorganic sensors, optical filters and flexible OLED lighting. Our aim is to seize the innovation potential of the electron beam, plasma technology and organic electronics for new production processes and devices and to make it available for our customers.

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